

## Structural Design Calculations



*Marc R. Chretien*

**Site No.:** MA1306 - Cedar Street WT  
**Client:** SAI Communications  
**Date:** February 14, 2019

### Synopsis:

The proposed AT&T equipment installation consists of:

- Three (3) Kathrein antennas (1 per sector)
- Six (6) Ericsson RRUS-4478 remote radio heads (RRHs)(2 per sector)
- Three (3) Ericsson RRUS-32 RRHs (1 per sector)

The existing AT&T antenna & RRH configuration will be reconfigured, in order to achieve the desired antenna separation and RRH location, as detailed on drawings by this office.

### Material Properties:

Structural steel yield stress (shapes),	$F_{vs} := 36 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Modulus of elasticity of steel,	$E_s := 29 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{psi}$
Structural steel yield stress (pipe),	$F_{yp} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Steel unit weight,	$\gamma_s := 490 \cdot \text{pcf}$

### Loads:

#### Environmental Loads:

##### Wind Load:

Exposure category,	<input type="text" value="B"/>	(ASCE 7-10 Sec 26.7.3)
Risk Category,	Category IV	(ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-1)
Basic Wind Velocity,	$V_w := 137 \text{ mph}$	(MSBC Table 1604.11)
Antenna Height,	Height := 75ft	
Exposure coefficient,	$K_z = 0.911$	(ASCE 7-10 Table 29.3-1)
Wind Directionality Factor,	$K_d := 0.9$	(ASCE 7-10 Table 26.6-1)
Velocity wind pressure,	$q_z := .00256 \cdot V_w^2 \cdot K_z \cdot K_d \cdot \text{psf} = 39.387 \cdot \text{psf}$	(ASCE 7-10 Sec. 27.3.2)
Gust response factor,	$G_r := 0.85$	(ASCE 7-10 Sec. 26.9.1)
Force coeff: Flat,	$C_f := 1.4$	(ASCE 7-10 Fig. 29.5-1)
Wind Load factor,	LF := .6	(ASCE 7-10 Sect 2.4)
Wind load pressure,	$WL_f := q_z \cdot G_r \cdot C_f = 46.871 \cdot \text{psf}$	(ASCE 7-10 C26.5-1)
Radial ice thickness,	$t_i := 0.75 \cdot \text{in}$	
Ice Importance Factor,	$I_i := 1.25$	
Thickness of Ice,	$t_{ice} := t_i \cdot I_i = 0.937 \cdot \text{in}$	
Density of ice,	$\gamma_{ice} := 56 \cdot \text{pcf}$	

AT&T Equipment Loads:

*Position 1:*

Kathrein 800-10121

Width,  $w := 10.3 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 5.9 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 55 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_1 := 131 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_1 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 30.009 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 47.909 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 83.639 \text{ kg}$

Surge Suppressor:

Dia.,  $\phi := 11 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 24 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_2 := 33 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $W_2 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot (\phi + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}})^2}{4} \right] - l \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot \phi^2}{4} \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 15.992 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot \phi = 38.977 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_2 := SW_2 = 38.977 \text{ kg}$

2" Mount pipe:

Length,  $l := 11 \cdot \text{ft}$

Dia,  $\phi := 2.375 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_4 := (3.65 \cdot \text{plf}) \cdot l = 18.212 \text{ kg}$

Ice Weight,  $W_4 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot (\phi + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}})^2}{4} \right] - l \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot \phi^2}{4} \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 19.321 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_4 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot \phi = 46.285 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_4 := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Total dead load,  $DL_1 := \sum W = 94.734 \text{ kg}$

$$\text{Total ice load, } I_1 := \sum I = 30.009 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total side wind load, } SW_1 := \sum SW = 133.172 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total front wind load, } FW_1 := \sum FW = 122.616 \text{ kg}$$

*Position 2:*

CCI OPA-65R-LCUU-H4

$$\text{Width, } w := 14.4 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Depth, } t := 7.3 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Length, } l := 48 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Weight, } W_1 := 57 \cdot \text{lb}$$

$$\text{Ice Weight, } I_1 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 35.305 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Side wind load, } SW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 51.733 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Front wind load, } FW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 102.049 \text{ kg}$$

RRUS-E2:

$$\text{Width, } w := 18.5 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Depth, } t := 7.5 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Length, } l := 20.4 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Weight, } W_2 := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$$

$$\text{Ice Weight, } I_2 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 20.938 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Side wind load, } SW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 22.589 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Front wind load, } FW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 55.72 \text{ kg}$$

RRUS-32:

$$\text{Width, } w := 12.1 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Depth, } t := 6.7 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Length, } l := 26.7 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\text{Weight, } W_3 := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$$

$$\text{Ice Weight, } I_3 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 18.518 \text{ kg}$$

Side wind load,  $SW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 26.411 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 47.698 \text{ kg}$

2" Mount pipe:

Length,  $l := 11 \cdot \text{ft}$

Dia,  $\phi := 2.375 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_4 := (3.65 \cdot \text{plf}) \cdot l = 18.212 \text{ kg}$

Ice Weight,  $W_4 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot (\phi + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}})^2}{4} \right] - l \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot \phi^2}{4} \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 19.321 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_4 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot \phi = 46.285 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_4 := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Total dead load,  $DL_2 := \sum W = 99.607 \text{ kg}$

Total ice load,  $I_2 := \sum I = 74.761 \text{ kg}$

Total side wind load,  $SW_2 := \sum SW = 147.019 \text{ kg}$

Total front wind load,  $FW_2 := \sum FW = 205.467 \text{ kg}$

Position 3:

Kathrein 800-10964

Width,  $w := 20 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 6.9 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 59 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_1 := 84 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_1 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 52.083 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 60.105 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 174.216 \text{ kg}$

RRUS-32:

Width,  $w := 12.1 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 6.7 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 26.7 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_2 := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_2 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 18.518 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 26.411 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 47.698 \text{ kg}$

RRUS-4478:

Width,  $w := 13 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 8 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 15 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_3 := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_3 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 13.506 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 17.717 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 28.79 \text{ kg}$

2" Mount pipe:

Length,  $l := 11 \cdot \text{ft}$

Dia,  $\phi := 2.375 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_4 := (3.65 \cdot \text{plf}) \cdot l = 18.212 \text{ kg}$

Ice Weight,  $W_4 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot (\phi + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}})^2}{4} \right] - l \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot \phi^2}{4} \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 19.321 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_4 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot \phi = 46.285 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_4 := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Total dead load,  $DL_3 := \sum W = 111.854 \text{ kg}$

Total ice load,  $I_3 := \sum I = 84.107 \text{ kg}$

Total side wind load,  $SW_3 := \sum SW = 150.518 \text{ kg}$

Total front wind load,  $FW_3 := \sum FW = 250.704 \text{ kg}$

Position 4:

KMW AM-X-CD-14

Width,  $w := 11.8 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 5.9 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 48 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_1 := 37 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_1 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 28.828 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 41.812 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_1 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 83.624 \text{ kg}$

RRUS-11:

Width,  $w := 17 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 7.2 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 19.7 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_2 := 50 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_2 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 18.879 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 20.941 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_2 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 49.445 \text{ kg}$

RRUS-4478:

Width,  $w := 13 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth,  $t := 8 \cdot \text{in}$

Length,  $l := 15 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_3 := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$

Ice Weight,  $I_3 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (w + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot (t + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) - l \cdot w \cdot t \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 13.506 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot t = 17.717 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_3 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot w = 28.79 \text{ kg}$

2" Mount pipe:

Length,  $l := 11 \cdot \text{ft}$

Dia,  $\phi := 2.375 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight,  $W_4 := (3.65 \cdot \text{plf}) \cdot l = 18.212 \text{ kg}$

Ice Weight,  $W_4 := \left[ (l + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}}) \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot (\phi + 2 \cdot t_{\text{ice}})^2}{4} \right] - l \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot \phi^2}{4} \right] \cdot \gamma_{\text{ice}} = 19.321 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load,  $SW_4 := WL_f \cdot l \cdot \phi = 46.285 \text{ kg}$

Front wind load,  $FW_4 := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Total dead load,  $DL_4 := \sum W = 86 \text{ kg}$

Total ice load,  $I_4 := \sum I = 61.213 \text{ kg}$

Total side wind load,  $SW_4 := \sum SW = 126.756 \text{ kg}$

Total front wind load,  $FW_4 := \sum FW = 161.859 \text{ kg}$

1/2 of all AT&T inventory in each sector will be supported by the center mount pipe (w/ Sprint equipment)

Total side wind load from all of AT&T equipment,  $P_{\text{side}} := SW_1 + SW_2 + SW_3 + SW_4 = 557.465 \text{ kg}$

Side wind load from AT&T equipment on middle mount pipe,  $P_{\text{side\_att}} := \frac{P_{\text{side}}}{2} = 278.733 \text{ kg}$

Total frontal wind load from all of AT&T equipment,  $P_{\text{front}} := FW_1 + FW_2 + FW_3 + FW_4 = 740.646 \text{ kg}$

Frontal wind load from AT&T equipment on middle mount pipe,  $P_{\text{front\_att}} := \frac{P_{\text{front}}}{2} = 370.323 \text{ kg}$

Conservative Sprint equipment dimensions:

Effective length,  $l_{\text{sprint}} := 8 \cdot \text{ft}$

Effective width,  $W_s := 18 \cdot \text{in}$

Per Chappell Eng. drawings

Effective depth,  $d_s := 22 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight of Sprint antenna,  $W_{\text{sant}} := 60 \text{ lb}$

Weight of RRH under antenna,  $W_{\text{sr1}} := 53 \text{ lb}$

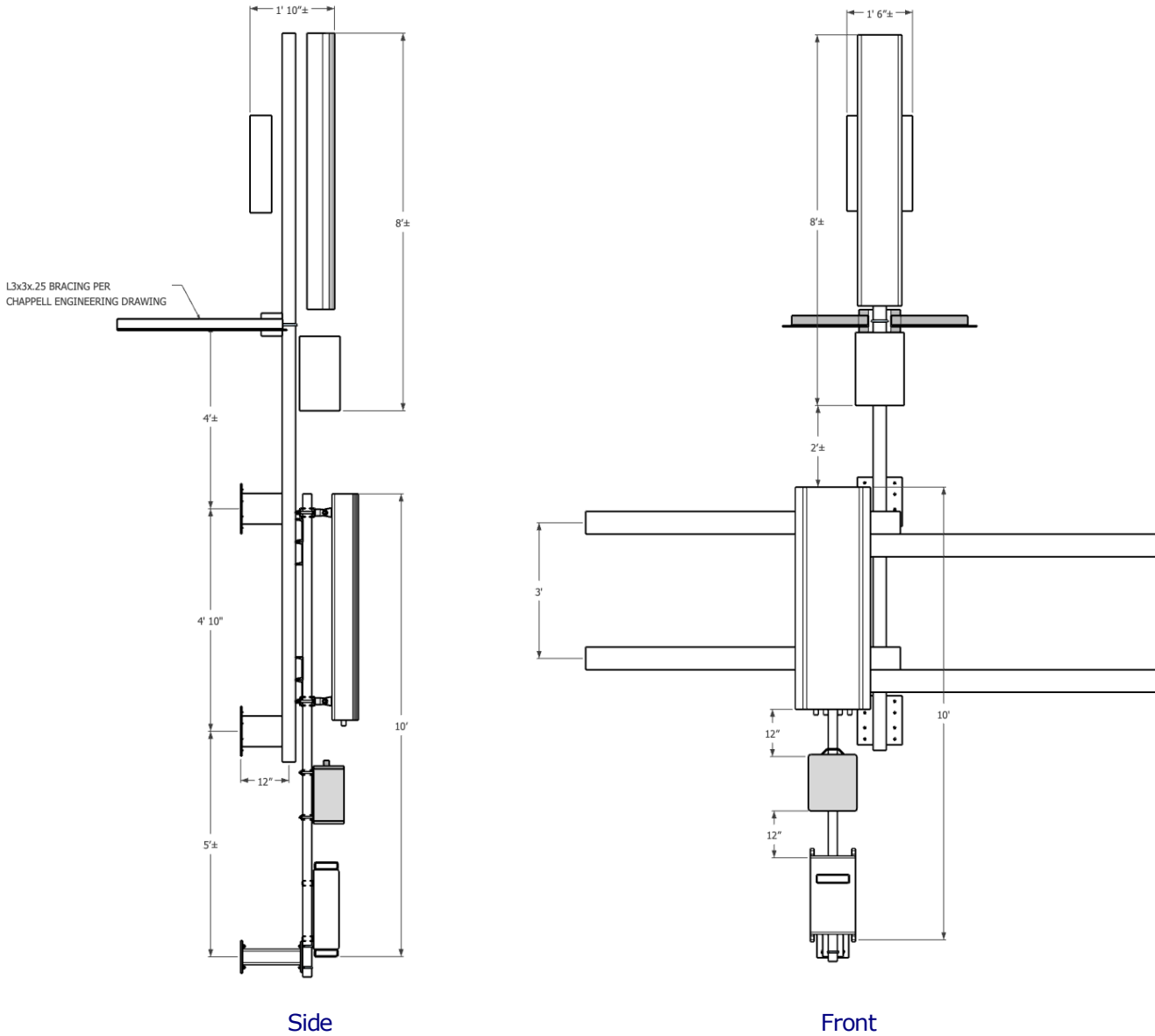
Per Chappell Eng. drawings

Weight of RRH behind antenna,  $W_{\text{sr2}} := 70 \text{ lb}$

Weight of ice,  $I_{\text{sprint}} = 123.878 \text{ kg}$

**Analysis:**

Worst-case loading occurs at support with Sprint equipment.



Distance of mount pipe from face of tank,  $d_1 := 12 \cdot \text{in}$

Separation of existing brackets,  $d_2 := 4.83 \cdot \text{ft}$

Separation of bottom bracket (AT&T),  $d_1 := 4 \cdot \text{ft}$

Separation of top bracket (Sprint),  $d_3 := 4 \cdot \text{ft}$

Total length of C6x8.2 steel channel,  $L_{\text{channel}} := 4 \cdot (7 \cdot \text{ft}) = 8.534 \text{ m}$

Total weight of channel,  $DL_5 := L_{\text{channel}} \cdot (8.2 \cdot \text{plf}) = 104.145 \text{ kg}$

Number of mounts,  $n_{\text{mount}} := 4$  (including new Sprint mount per Chappell Eng.)

Side Wind Loading:

Total Side wind load from AT&T equipment,  $P_{\text{side\_att}} = 278.733 \text{ kg}$

Total side wind load from Sprint equipment,  $P_{\text{side\_sprint}} := WL_f \cdot l_{\text{sprint}} \cdot d_s = 311.817 \text{ kg}$

Effective length of AT&T equipment,  $l_{\text{att}} := 10 \cdot \text{ft}$

Effective length of Sprint equipment,  $l_{\text{sprint}} = 2.438 \text{ m}$

Linear load of AT&T equipment,  $w_{\text{att}} := \frac{P_{\text{side\_att}}}{l_{\text{att}}} = 61.45 \cdot \text{plf}$

Input to Enercalc

Linear load of Sprint equipment,  $w_{\text{sprint}} := \frac{P_{\text{side\_sprint}}}{l_{\text{sprint}}} = 85.93 \cdot \text{plf}$

Side wind load reactions at each mount location:

$P_{\text{side\_1}} := .10 \cdot \text{kip}$

$P_{\text{side\_2}} := .47 \cdot \text{kip}$  See Enercalc output

$P_{\text{side\_3}} := .38 \cdot \text{kip}$

$P_{\text{side\_4}} := 1.10 \cdot \text{kip}$

Front Wind Loading:

Total front wind load from AT&T equipment,  $P_{\text{front\_att}} = 370.323 \text{ kg}$

Total front wind load from Sprint equipment,  $P_{\text{front\_sprint}} := WL_f \cdot l_{\text{sprint}} \cdot W_s = 255.123 \text{ kg}$

Effective length of AT&T equipment,  $l_{\text{att}} = 3.048 \text{ m}$

Effective length of Sprint equipment,  $l_{\text{sprint}} = 2.438 \text{ m}$

Linear load of AT&T equipment,  $w_{att} := \frac{P_{front\_att}}{l_{att}} = 81.642 \cdot plf$  Input to Enercalc

Linear load of Sprint equipment,  $w_{sprint} := \frac{P_{front\_sprint}}{l_{sprint}} = 70.306 \cdot plf$

Front wind load reactions at each mount location:

$$P_{front\_1} := .12 \cdot kip$$

$$P_{front\_2} := .70 \cdot kip \quad \text{See Enercalc output}$$

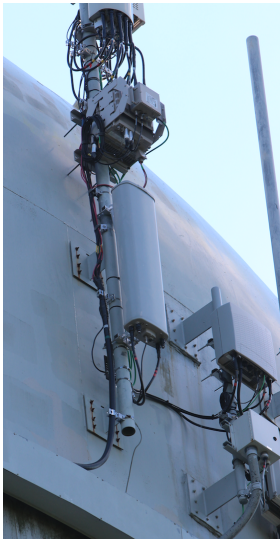
$$P_{front\_3} := .90 \cdot kip$$

$$P_{front\_4} := 1.68 \cdot kip$$

Determine maximum tensile force acting on studs:

Note: Due to the placement configuration of the supplemental mount designed by Chappell Engineering (for Sprint), that mount experiences shear forces only when under wind load. Therefore, the tensile capacity check will be limited to the existing mounts and the supplemental mount proposed by this office.

*Existing mounts:*



Side Loading:

Maximum side load reaction on existing wall mounts,  $R_{ts} := \max(P_{side\_2}, P_{side\_3}) = 213.188 \text{ kg}$

Force couple from reaction,  $M := R_{ts} \cdot d_1 = 259.919 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}$

Number of Studs in Tension on Mount,  $n_{stud} := 4$

Horizontal separation of studs,  $s := 10 \cdot \text{in}$

Tensile Force on Stud,  $T_{se} := \frac{M}{s \cdot n_{stud}} = 255.826 \text{ kg}$

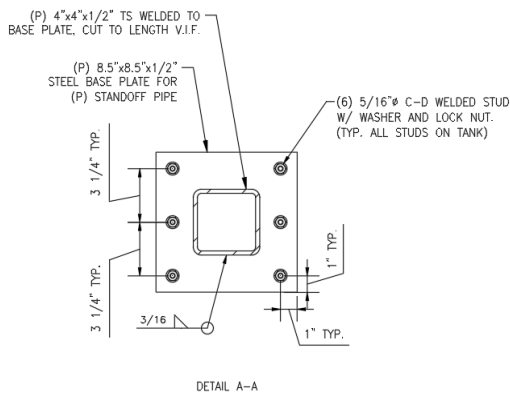
Front Loading:

Maximum front load reaction on existing wall mounts,  $R_{tf} := \max(P_{front\_2}, P_{front\_3}) = 408.233 \text{ kg}$

Number of Studs in Tension on Mount,  $n_{stud} := 8$

Tensile Force on Stud,  $T_{fe} := \frac{R_{tf}}{n_{stud}} = 51.029 \text{ kg}$

Proposed Mounts:



Side Loading:

Maximum side load reaction on proposed wall mounts,  $R_{ts} := P_{side\_1} = 45.359 \text{ kg}$

Force couple from reaction,  $M := R_{ts} \cdot d_1 = 55.302 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}$

Number of Studs in Tension on Mount,  $n_{stud} := 3$

Horizontal separation of studs,  $s := 6.5 \cdot \text{in}$

Tensile Force on Stud,  $T_{sp} := \frac{M}{s \cdot n_{stud}} = 111.654 \text{ kg}$

Front Loading:

Maximum front load reaction on proposed wall mounts,  $R_{tf} := P_{front\_1} = 54.431 \text{ kg}$

Number of Studs in Tension on Mount,  $n_{stud} := 6$

Tensile Force on Stud,  $T_{fp} := \frac{R_{tf}}{n_{stud}} = 9.072 \text{ kg}$

Maximum tensile force on stud,  $T_{stud} := \max(T_{fp}, T_{sp}, T_{se}, T_{fe}) = 255.826 \text{ kg}$

Determine maximum shear force acting on studs:

Maximum front load reaction, due to wind, acting on top mount,  $R_{vf} := P_{front\_4} = 762.035 \text{ kg}$

Number of studs in top mount,  $n_{top} := 8$  per Chappell plans

Shear force on stud from wind,  $V_{vf} := \frac{R_{vf}}{n_{top}} = 95.254 \text{ kg}$

Total weight of Sprint equipment,  $W_{sprint} := W_{sant} + W_{sr1} + W_{sr2} = 83.007 \text{ kg}$

Total ice load from Sprint,  $I_{sprint} = 123.878 \text{ kg}$

Weight from AT&T equipment applied to center mount pipe,  $DL_{att} := (DL_1 + DL_2 + DL_3 + DL_4 + DL_5) \cdot .5 = 248.17 \text{ kg}$

Ice load from AT&T equipment applied to center mount pipe,  $I_{att} := (I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_4) \cdot .5 = 125.045 \text{ kg}$

Total shear load acting at center mount pipe,  $V := W_{sprint} + I_{sprint} + DL_{att} + I_{att} = 580.1 \text{ kg}$

Assume shear, due to gravity loading, is distributed equally between the lower three mounts

Number of mounts,  $n_{mount} := 3$

Shear load per mount,  $V_{mount} := \frac{V}{n_{mount}} = 193.367 \text{ kg}$

Number of studs in lower mount,  $n_{lower} := 4$

Shear force on stud from gravity load,  $V_g := \frac{V_{mount}}{n_{lower}} = 48.342 \text{ kg}$

Maximum shear force on stud,  $V_{stud} := \max(V_{vf}, V_g) = 95.254 \text{ kg}$

#### Check 5/16" C-D Studs

##### *Tension:*

Maximum tensile force on stud,  $T_{stud} = 255.826 \text{ kg}$

Allowable tensile load  
on 5/16" C-D stud,  $T_{allow} := \frac{2900 \cdot \text{lb}}{4} = 328.854 \text{ kg}$

StudWeldTensileCheck :=  $\begin{cases} \text{"OK"} & \text{if } T_{allow} \geq T_{stud} \\ \text{"NG"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  StudWeldTensileCheck = "OK"

##### *Shear:*

Maximum shear force on stud,  $V_{stud} = 95.254 \text{ kg}$

Allowable shear load of 5/16" C-D stud,  $V_{allow} := \frac{2200 \cdot \text{lb}}{4} = 249.476 \text{ kg}$

StudWeldShearCheck :=  $\begin{cases} \text{"OK"} & \text{if } V_{allow} \geq V_{stud} \\ \text{"NG"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  StudWeldShearCheck = "OK"

#### **Conclusion:**

Based on the results of the analysis, **the proposed AT&T LTE 6C installation, and existing water tank**, is structurally sound, as designed and depicted on plans by this office. The analysis was conducted in accordance with the Massachusetts State Building Code, 9th Edition, and ASCE 7-10.

Note: The C-D welded stud testing procedure, and removal of leveling nuts on the proposed mount plates, that have been recommended by Haley and Ward, and referenced on drawings by this office, is acknowledged by this office and does not affect the results of this analysis.

#### References:

1. American Society of Civil Engineers (2010), Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures (7-10), American Society of Civil Engineers, New York, NY
2. Massachusetts State Building Code, 9th Edition.

Client: SAI Communications  
 Subject: Structural Analysis, 404 Cedar  
 Street, Ashland, MA

**Advanced Engineering Group**  
 500 North Broadway  
 East Providence, RI 02914  
 Ph: 401-354-2403

Sheet: 14  
 Date: 2/8/19  
 Calculated by: MRC

**C-D Stud Load Strengths (Stud Welding Associates, Inc.)**

STUD MATERIAL	STUD SIZE	MAXIMUM FASTENING TORQUE (INCH LBS.)*	ULTIMATE TENSILE LOAD (LBS.)	MAXIMUM SHEAR LOAD (LBS.)
Low-Carbon, Copper-Flashed Steel	6-32	6	500	375
	8-32	12	765	575
	10-24	14	960	720
	1/4-20	43	1750	1300
	5/16-18	72	2900	2200
3/8-16	106	4300	3250	
Stainless Steel	6-32	10	790	590
	8-32	20	1260	940
	10-24	23	1530	1150
	1/4-20	75	2880	2160
	5/16-18	126	3750	5350
3/8-16	186	4850	7150	
Aluminum Alloy 6061	6-32	6.5	350	160
	8-32	13	560	229
	10-24	19	670	310
	1/4-20	40	1240	679
	5/16-18	70.5	2025	1210
3/8-16	100	2985	1750	

## Steel Beam

File = W:\ENER~P21\MA1306 Cantilevered WT Pipe Mount.ec6  
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Lic. #: KW-06008463

Description : Existing Mount Pipe - Side Loading

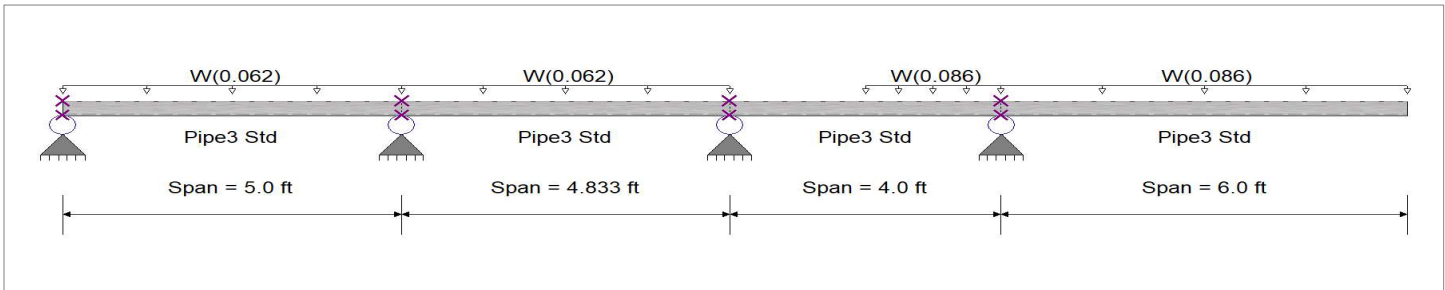
### CODE REFERENCES

Calculations per AISC 360-10, IBC 2015, CBC 2016, ASCE 7-10  
Load Combination Set : IBC 2015

### Material Properties

Analysis Method: Allowable Strength Design  
Beam Bracing: Completely Unbraced  
Bending Axis: Major Axis Bending

Fy : Steel Yield : 35.0 ksi  
E : Modulus : 29,000.0 ksi



### Applied Loads

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added

Load for Span Number 1

Uniform Load : W = 0.0620 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (AT&T)

Load for Span Number 2

Uniform Load : W = 0.0620 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (AT&T / Sprint)

Load for Span Number 3

Uniform Load : W = 0.0860 k/ft, Extent = 2.0 --> 4.0 ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (Sprint Equipment)

Load for Span Number 4

Uniform Load : W = 0.0860 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (Sprint Equipment)

### DESIGN SUMMARY

**Design OK**

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio =	<b>0.243</b> : 1	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio =	<b>0.027</b> : 1
Section used for this span	<b>Pipe3 Std</b>	Section used for this span	<b>Pipe3 Std</b>
Ma : Applied	0.929 k-ft	Va : Applied	0.3528 k
Mn / Omega : Allowable	3.825 k-ft	Vn/Omega : Allowable	13.078 k
Load Combination	<b>+0.60W</b>	Load Combination	<b>+0.60W</b>
Location of maximum on span	4.000 ft	Location of maximum on span	4.000 ft
Span # where maximum occurs	<b>Span # 3</b>	Span # where maximum occurs	<b>Span # 3</b>
<b>Maximum Deflection</b>			
Max Downward Transient Deflection	0.509 in Ratio =	283	>=120
Max Upward Transient Deflection	-0.025 in Ratio =	1,923	>=120
Max Downward Total Deflection	0.305 in Ratio =	472	>=120
Max Upward Total Deflection	-0.015 in Ratio =	3206	>=120

### Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega	Cb	Rm	Va Max	Vnx/Vnx/Omega	
+0.60W	Dsgn. L = 5.00 ft	1		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.83 ft	2		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.00 ft	3		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 6.00 ft	4		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
+0.450W	Dsgn. L = 5.00 ft	1	0.041	0.012	0.05	-0.15	0.15	6.39	3.82	2.49	1.00	0.16	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.83 ft	2	0.047	0.019	0.18	-0.15	0.18	6.39	3.82	1.54	1.00	0.25	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.00 ft	3	0.243	0.027	0.17	-0.93	0.93	6.39	3.82	2.05	1.00	0.35	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 6.00 ft	4	0.243	0.024		-0.93	0.93	6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	0.31	21.84	13.08



500 North Broadway  
 East Providence, RI 02914  
 (401) 354-2403

Project Title: Cedar Street WT  
 Engineer: MRC  
 Project ID: MA1306  
 Project Descr: AT&T LTE 6C

Printed: 28 JAN 2019, 1:22PM

**Steel Beam**

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Description : Existing Mount Pipe - Side Loading

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega Cb	Rm	Va Max	Vnx/Vnx/Omega		
Dsgn. L =	5.00 ft	1	0.030	0.009	0.04	-0.12	0.12	6.39	3.82	2.49	1.00	0.12	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	4.83 ft	2	0.035	0.014	0.13	-0.12	0.13	6.39	3.82	1.54	1.00	0.19	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	4.00 ft	3	0.182	0.020	0.13	-0.70	0.70	6.39	3.82	2.05	1.00	0.26	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	6.00 ft	4	0.182	0.018		-0.70	0.70	6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	0.23	21.84	13.08

**Overall Maximum Deflections**

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
W Only	1	0.0026	1.833	W Only	-0.0005	4.500
W Only	2	0.0107	2.932		0.0000	4.500
	3	0.0000	2.932	W Only	-0.0250	2.480
W Only	4	0.5086	6.000		0.0000	2.480

**Vertical Reactions**

Load Combination	Support notation : Far left is #					Values in KIPS
	Support 1	Support 2	Support 3	Support 4	Support 5	
Overall MAXimum	0.103	0.470	-0.379	1.104		
Overall MINimum	0.047	0.211	-0.171	0.497		
+0.60W	0.062	0.282	-0.228	0.662		
+0.450W	0.047	0.211	-0.171	0.497		
W Only	0.103	0.470	-0.379	1.104		

**Steel Beam**

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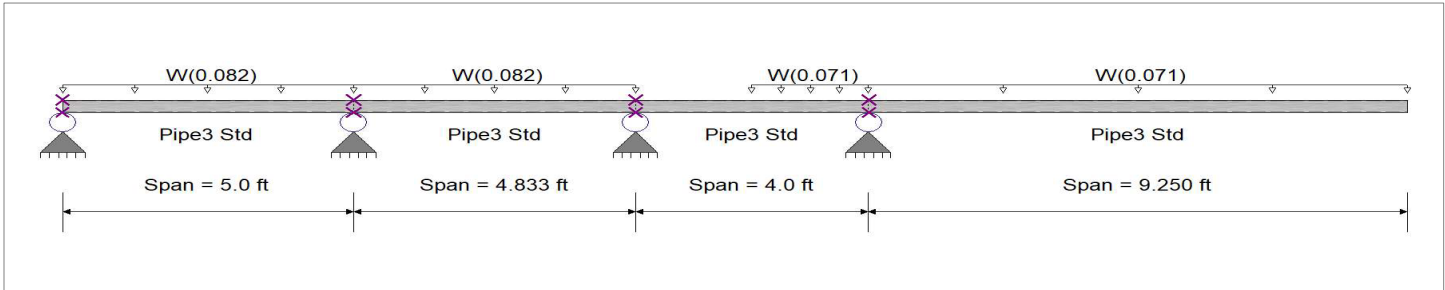
Description : Existing Mount Pipe -Front Loading

**CODE REFERENCES**

Calculations per AISC 360-10, IBC 2015, CBC 2016, ASCE 7-10  
Load Combination Set : IBC 2015

**Material Properties**

Analysis Method: **Allowable Strength Design** Fy : Steel Yield **35.0 ksi**  
 Beam Bracing: **Completely Unbraced** E: Modulus : **29,000.0 ksi**  
 Bending Axis : **Major Axis Bending**



**Applied Loads**

Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations.

Beam self weight NOT internally calculated and added

Load for Span Number 1

Uniform Load : W = 0.0820 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (AT&T Equipment)

Load for Span Number 2

Uniform Load : W = 0.0820 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (AT&T Equipment)

Load for Span Number 3

Uniform Load : W = 0.0710 k/ft, Extent = 2.0 --> 4.0 ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (Sprint Equipment)

Load for Span Number 4

Uniform Load : W = 0.0710 k/ft, Tributary Width = 1.0 ft, (Sprint Equipment)

**DESIGN SUMMARY**

**Design OK**

Maximum Bending Stress Ratio =	<b>0.476 : 1</b>	Maximum Shear Stress Ratio =	<b>0.047 : 1</b>
Section used for this span	<b>Pipe3 Std</b>	Section used for this span	<b>Pipe3 Std</b>
Ma : Applied	1.822 k-ft	Va : Applied	0.6154 k
Mn / Omega : Allowable	3.825 k-ft	Vn/Omega : Allowable	13.078 k
Load Combination	<b>+0.60W</b>	Load Combination	<b>+0.60W</b>
Location of maximum on span	4.000ft	Location of maximum on span	4.000 ft
Span # where maximum occurs	<b>Span # 3</b>	Span # where maximum occurs	<b>Span # 3</b>
<b>Maximum Deflection</b>			
Max Downward Transient Deflection	2.033 in	Ratio =	<b>109 &gt;=</b>
Max Upward Transient Deflection	-0.051 in	Ratio =	<b>942 &gt;=</b>
Max Downward Total Deflection	1.220 in	Ratio =	<b>182 &gt;=</b>
Max Upward Total Deflection	-0.031 in	Ratio =	<b>1570 &gt;=</b>

**Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations**

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega	Cb	Rm	Va Max	VnxVnx/Omega	
+0.60W	Dsgn. L = 5.00 ft	1		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.83 ft	2		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.00 ft	3		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 9.25 ft	4		0.000				6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	-0.00	21.84	13.08
+0.450W	Dsgn. L = 5.00 ft	1	0.064	0.019	0.06	-0.24	0.24	6.39	3.82	2.75	1.00	0.25	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.83 ft	2	0.100	0.041	0.38	-0.24	0.38	6.39	3.82	1.67	1.00	0.53	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 4.00 ft	3	0.476	0.047	0.38	-1.82	1.82	6.39	3.82	2.00	1.00	0.62	21.84	13.08
	Dsgn. L = 9.25 ft	4	0.476	0.030		-1.82	1.82	6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	0.39	21.84	13.08



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Project Title: Cedar Street WT  
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 Project ID: MA1306  
 Project Descr: AT&T LTE 6C

Printed: 29 JAN 2019, 5:44PM

## Steel Beam

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Description: Existing Mount Pipe -Front Loading

Load Combination	Segment Length	Span #	Max Stress Ratios		Summary of Moment Values					Summary of Shear Values				
			M	V	Mmax +	Mmax -	Ma Max	Mnx	Mnx/Omega Cb	Rm	Va Max	VnxVnx/Omega		
Dsgn. L =	5.00 ft	1	0.048	0.014	0.04	-0.18	0.18	6.39	3.82	2.75	1.00	0.19	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	4.83 ft	2	0.075	0.030	0.29	-0.18	0.29	6.39	3.82	1.67	1.00	0.40	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	4.00 ft	3	0.357	0.035	0.29	-1.37	1.37	6.39	3.82	2.00	1.00	0.46	21.84	13.08
Dsgn. L =	9.25 ft	4	0.357	0.023		-1.37	1.37	6.39	3.82	1.00	1.00	0.30	21.84	13.08

## Overall Maximum Deflections

Load Combination	Span	Max. "-" Defl	Location in Span	Load Combination	Max. "+" Defl	Location in Span
W Only	1	0.0017	1.467	W Only	-0.0019	4.167
W Only	2	0.0206	2.932		0.0000	4.167
	3	0.0000	2.932	W Only	-0.0509	2.453
W Only	4	2.0326	9.250		0.0000	2.453

## Vertical Reactions

Load Combination	Support notation : Far left is #					Values in KIPS
	Support 1	Support 2	Support 3	Support 4	Support 5	
Overall MAXimum	0.124	0.700	-0.902	1.682		
Overall MINimum	0.056	0.315	-0.406	0.757		
+0.60W	0.074	0.420	-0.541	1.009		
+0.450W	0.056	0.315	-0.406	0.757		
W Only	0.124	0.700	-0.902	1.682		